# PACE-IIT & MEDICAL

### ACE OF PACE Sample Paper (Medical) Grade X moving XI

#### SECTION - 1 (PHYSIC)

		OBCITOIN	_ (_	111010/				
1.	Which of the follow (1) Work	ring is vector quantity (2) Energy	(3)	Force	(4)	Power		
2.	A body of mass 5 kg (1) 5 N	g is moving with acceleratio (2) 10 N		/s <sup>2</sup> . Find the net force		ng on it 20 N		
3.	The inertia of an ob (1) Speed	ject depends on its: (2) Shape	(3)	Mass	(4)	Acceleration		
4.	A ball is thrown upward. Which of the following forces acts on it after leaving the hand?  (1) Upward force only  (2) Downward gravitational force only  (3) Both upward and downward forces  (4) No force							
5.	A car of mass 1000 stop the car is: (1) 20 s	kg moving at 20 m/s is sto		by a constant force of 40 s		0 N. The time taken to		
6.	Work done is zero i (1) Force is applied (3) Displacement i	d but displacement is zero	(2) (4)	Displacement is perpendicular to force All of the above				
7.	A man lifts a 20 kg (1) 200 J	object to height of 2 m ( Tal (2) 300 J	_	10 m/s <sup>2</sup> ). Work dor 400 J		500 J		
8.	If power = 200 W as (1) 1000 J	nd time = 10 s, then total wo		one is 2000 J	(4)	2500 J		
9.	A ball of mass 1 kg (1) 25 J	is moving with speed 10 m/(2) 50 J		kinetic energy = ? 100 J	(4)	150 J		
10.		g falls from a height of 5 m. (2) 50 J			(4)	100 Ј		
11.	The angle between in (1) 30°	incident ray and reflected ray (2) 45°	•	en angle of incidence 60°		0° is 90°		
12.	In a concave mirror (1) Focus (3) Between focus	, when object is placed at intand	•	the image is formed Centre of curvature Behind the mirror				

The refractive index of glass is 1.5. The speed of light in glass is  $(c = 3 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s})$  (1)  $2.0 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$  (2)  $2.5 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$  (3)  $1.5 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$  (4) 3.013.

(4)  $3.0 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$ 

When light passes from a rarer medium to denser medium 14.

(1) It bends away from the normal

(2) It bends toward the normal

(3) No bending

(4) If always bends 45°

The power of convex lens of focal length 50 cm is: 15.

(1) + 1D

(2) +2D

(3) +3D

(4) + 4D

## **SECTION – 2 (CHEMISTRY)**

16.	Which of the following statements is true about (1) The total number of atoms of each eleme (2) The mass of products is less than reactant (3) Atoms can be created or destroyed (4) It does not follow the law of conservation	nt remains the same ts					
17.	Which of the following correctly describes the (1) Decreases from left to right (3) Increases from left to right	eriodic trend in electronegativity across a period?  (2) Remains constant  (4) Increases then decreases					
18.	Which of the following elements has the smal (1) Mg (2) Al	llest atomic size? (3) Si (4) Cl					
19.	Which of the following statements is correct r (1) They are noble gases (3) They readily gain electrons	garding Group 17 elements?  (2) They have 2 electrons in the outermost shell.  (4) They are inert					
20.	Which element has a larger atomic radius than (1) Mg (2) Al	n sodium (Na)? (3) K (4) Cl					
21.	What is the product formed when calcium rea (1) CaO (2) $Ca(OH)_2 + H_2$	cts with water? (3) CaCO <sub>3</sub> (4) CaCl <sub>2</sub>					
22.	<ul> <li>In which reaction does a precipitate form?</li> <li>(1) Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> + BaCl<sub>2</sub> → BaSO<sub>4</sub> ↓ +2NaCl</li> <li>(3) CaO+H<sub>2</sub>O → Ca(OH)<sub>2</sub></li> </ul>	(2) $\operatorname{Zn} + \operatorname{HCl} \rightarrow \operatorname{ZnCl}_2 + \operatorname{H}_2$ . (4) $\operatorname{Na} + \operatorname{Cl}_2 \rightarrow \operatorname{NaCl}$					
23.	Which of the following pairs has the most sim (1) Li and Na (2) Li and Be	nilar chemical properties?  (3) Na and Mg  (4) H and He					
24.	Which of these is not characteristic of a chem (1) Formation of a new substance (3) Change in mass	al reaction? (2) Involves energy change . (4) Evolution of gas					
25.	Which of the following reactions is decompose (1) $2KClO_3 \rightarrow 2KCl + 3O_2$ (3) $Fe + CuSO_4 \rightarrow FeSO_4 + Cu$	tion reaction? (2) $HCl + NaOH \rightarrow NaCl + H_2O$ (4) $CaCO_3 + 2HCl \rightarrow CaCl_2 + CO_2 + H_2O$					
26.	Which of the following is a redox reaction?  (1) NaOH+HCl → NaCl+H <sub>2</sub> O  (3) AgNO <sub>3</sub> +NaCl → AgCl+NaNO <sub>3</sub>	(2) $Zn + H_2SO_4 \rightarrow ZnSO_4 + H_2$ (4) $BaCl_2 + Na_2SO_4 \rightarrow BaSO_4 + 2NaCl$					
27.	In the reaction: $Cu + 2AgNO_3 \rightarrow Cu(NO_3)_2 + What type of reaction is this?$ (1) Combination (2) Displacement	-2Ag (3) Decomposition (4) Double displacement					
28.	The modern periodic Law is based on: (1) Atomic number (3) Number of neutrons	<ul><li>(2) Atomic mass</li><li>(4) Mass number</li></ul>					

- 29. Which of the following is not a limitation of Mendeleev's periodic table?
  - (1) No fixed position for hydrogen
  - (2) No place for isotopes
  - (3) Grouping of dissimilar elements
  - (4) Arranged elements by increasing atomic number
- 30. The valency of elements in the same group is :
  - (1) Increasing down the group
- (2) Constant throughout the group
- (3) Decreasing down the group
- (4) Unpredictable

## SECTION – 3 (BIOLOGY)

31.	In all livin (1) Nucl	•		unit of life is the Cell	(3)	Nucleolus	(4)	Brain
32.	<ul> <li>Identify the correct path of urine in the human body.</li> <li>(1) Kidney → urinary bladder → urethra → ureter</li> <li>(2) Urinary bladder → ureter ← kidney → urethra</li> <li>(3) Kidney → ureter → urinary bladder</li> <li>(4) Kidney → ureter → urinary bladder → urethra</li> </ul>							
33.	Chromoso (1) Inter			opposite ends of the Anaphase		l during: Telophase	(4)	Metaphase
34.	The presence of which of the following types of organs in two organisms indicates that they are derived from the same ancestor?							
	(1) Anal	ogous organs	(2)	Respiratory organs	s (3)	Digestive organs	(4)	Homologous organs
35.	If the egg (1) 7	of a fly has 6	chro (2)	mosomes, how man	ny ch (3)		e bod; (4)	<u>-</u>
36.	Conversion (1) Neutr	_	_	lets into smaller dro Assimilation	_	s are Emulsification	(4)	Anabolism
37.	Re-arrange the following taxonomic terms in correct hierarchical order. Order-Family-Phylum-Class							
	<ol> <li>Family-Phylum-Class-Order</li> <li>Class-Phylum-Family-Order</li> </ol>				Phylum-Order-Class-Family Phylum-Class-Order-Family			
38.	Which of the following was absent in primitive atmosphere of earth							
	(1) Hydr	rogen	(2)	Oxygen	(3)	Nitrogen	(4)	methane
39.	Bryophyllum reproduces through buds, which are produced on							
	(1) Root		(2)	Shoot	(3)	Stem	(4)	Leaf
40.	The vein which brings clean blood from the lungs into the heart is known as:							
		onary vein rior vena cava	a		` ′	Inferior vena cava Pulmonary artery		
	(e) supe				(.)	1 online many out of the		
41.	Which of the following is a pair of viral diseases?							
	<ol> <li>Typhoid, Tuberculosis</li> <li>Common cold, AIDS</li> </ol>			(2) (4)	9			
42.	During contraction, what prevents the backflow of blood inside the heart?							
<b>⊤∠.</b>	(1) Valve		iai pro	events the backflow	(2)	Thick muscular w		f ventricles
	(3) Thin walls of atria			(4)	Thick walls of atria			

43.	(i) Fungi – Regenerat		ed. (ii) Mossess – Fragmentation						
	<ul><li>(iii) Planaria – Budding</li><li>(1) (i) and (ii)</li></ul>	g (2) Both (i) and (iii)	(3)	only (ii)	(4)	only (iii)			
14.	The enzymes pepsin and trypsin are secreted respectively by:								
	(1) Stomach and pance	reas	(2)	Salivary gland and	ston	nach			
	(3) Liver and pancreas	3	(4)	Liver and salivary	glan	nd			
45.	Match column-I with co	olumn-II and select the o	correc	et option.					
	Column - I			Column - II					
	A. Golgi apparatus		I.	Storage					
	B. Mitochondria		II.	Photosynthesis					
	C. Vacuoles		III.	Transport					
	D. Grana			Secretion					
			V.	Respiration					
	(1) $A - IV; B - V; C -$	- I: D – II		A - I; B - II; C - I	V: D	– III			
	(3) A – IV; B – I; C –			A - I; $B - II$ ; $C - I$					
46.	diseases?		-	-	-	ng sexually transmitted			
	(1) Surgery	(2) Condoms	(3)	Copper-T	(4)	Oral-pills			
<b>1</b> 7.	The number of chromo	somes in a human game	te is:						
	(1) 23	(2) 46	(3)	92	(4)	69			
48.	Which of the following statement is true about Lamarck's theory of evolution?  (1) It suggest that organism can acquire new characteristic through use or disuse of body parts  (2) It suggest that organisms are randomly selected for survival based on their inherited traits  (3) It suggest that all organisms have a common ancestor  (4) It suggest that the environment plays no role in the evolution of species								
19.	Which of the following are examples of autotrophic organisms?  (1) Fungi and virus  (2) Virus and bacteria  (3) Green plants and some bacteria  (4) None of the above								
50.	In which part of the cel (1) Nucleus	l, glycolysis process occ (2) Mitochondria		Chloroplast	(4)	Cytoplasm			